

**Taylor's Theorem Practice**

1. Find the fourth degree Taylor polynomial, centered at  $c = 2$  for  $f(x) = x \ln x$ . Use the Taylor polynomial to approximate  $f(2.1)$ . Apply Taylor's Theorem to determine the maximum possible error associated with this approximation.

2. Find the fifth degree Taylor polynomial, centered at  $c = 0$  for  $f(x) = e^{2x}$ . Use the Taylor polynomial to approximate  $f(0.75)$ . Apply Taylor's Theorem to determine the maximum possible error associated with this approximation.

3. Find the third degree Taylor polynomial, centered at  $c = 0$  for  $f(x) = \arctan(x)$ . Use the Taylor polynomial to approximate  $f(0.4)$ . Apply Taylor's Theorem to determine the maximum possible error associated with this approximation.

4. Find the sixth degree Taylor polynomial, centered at  $c = 1$  for  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . Use the Taylor polynomial to approximate  $f(1.2)$ . Apply Taylor's Theorem to determine the maximum possible error associated with this approximation.